# Testing Properties of Dataflow Program Operators

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#### "Big Data"

- We need to:
  - Sort data
  - Merge data
  - Order data
  - Extract data



#### **Dataflow Systems**

- MapReduce: "batch" approach
- IBM's InfoSphere Streams: streaming processing approach



#### Dataflow Programming Languages

- MapReduce
  - Pig Latin, FlumeJava
- IBM's InfoSphere Streams





#### **Dataflow Programs**

 Dataflow programs are written in dataflow programming languages and represented as graphs of data streams and operators



#### **Dataflow Program Operators**



# Dataflow Program Operator Properties

- Non-determinism
  - Does the same sequence of inputs lead to different sequences of outputs?
- Selectivity
  - How many outputs are generated for each input?
- Statefulness
  - Is current output determined by historical inputs?
- Blocking
  - When called, can an operator fail to return
- Non-commutativity
  - Does order of inputs in the same count-based window affect output?
- Partition-interference
  - Do inputs associated with "key"  $c_2$  affect outputs associated with "key"  $c_1$ ?



Match : commutative, or blocking or stateful



*Match* : non-commutative and non-blocking and stateless



Match : non-commutative and non-blocking and stateless

Non-deterministic

#### Problems: Case 2

- MapReduce programming model assumes:
  - Map operator: stateless
  - Reduce operator used in combine stage: partitionisolated
- However, languages do not check on those 🟵
  - If the properties do not hold, MapReduce may yield unpredictable results

### Main Idea: Operator Properties



# Main Idea: Operator Properties



•Partition-interference

# **Test-Based Dynamic Analysis**

#### Algorithm Algorithm for checking properties

evidence = null

*initialize*(*property*)

while evidence == null  $\land \neg$  (*techniqueTimeLimit* reached) do

*test* = *generateTest*(*property*)

evidence = checkProperty(property, test)

end while

return evidenceValue(property, evidence)

### **Test-Based Dynamic Analysis**

Property	initialize	generateTest	checkProperty	evidenceValue
Non-		Return two lists $l_1$ and $l_2$ of	Run $l_{1,2}$ with $d, p$ values as	If <i>evidence</i> $\neq$ <b>null</b> , return "def-
determinism		triples $\langle delay, d, p \rangle$ with the	inputs, timed by the <i>delay</i> val-	initely non-deterministic", else
		same values for $d$ and $p$ , but	ues. If the outputs differ, return	return "potentially determinis-
		different delay values.	$\langle l_1, l_2 \rangle$ , else return <b>null</b> .	tic".
Selectivity	Set <i>selectiveEvidence</i> = <b>null</b> .	Return list l of pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$ .	Run <i>l</i> . If any firing has $> 1$	If evidence $\neq$ <b>null</b> , re-
			output data items, return $l$ . If	turn "definitely prolific", else if
			any firing has 0 output data	selectiveEvidence $\neq$ null, re-
			items, set <i>selectiveEvidence=l</i> .	turn "potentially selective", else
			Return <b>null</b> .	return "potentially one-to-one".
Blocking		Return list $l$ of pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$ ,	Run <i>l</i> . If any firing stalls	If evidence $\neq$ <b>null</b> , return "po-
		where all $p$ values are the port-	for <i>blockingTimeLimit</i> , return <i>l</i> ,	tentially blocking", else return
		under-test.	else return <b>null</b> .	"potentially non-blocking".
Statefulness		Return list $l$ of pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$ ,	Run <i>l</i> . If any two firings pro-	If <i>evidence</i> $\neq$ <b>null</b> , return
		where all $d$ values are the same	duce different outputs, return $l$ ,	"definitely stateful", else return
		for simplicity.	else return <b>null</b> .	"potentially stateless".
Non-	Generate and run tests l of in-	Generate list $l$ of $w$ pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$ ;	Run each permutation. If any	If evidence $\neq$ <b>null</b> , return "def-
commutativity	creasing length until a window	return permutations of <i>l</i> .	two permutations produce dif-	initely non-commutative", else
	punctuation is generated. Let $w$		ferent outputs, return them, else	return "potentially commuta-
	be the length of such a list.		return <b>null</b> .	tive".
Partition-		Generate list $l_1$ of pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$	Run $l_1$ and $l_2$ . If any of the	If evidence $\neq$ <b>null</b> ,
interference		with the same $read(d, k)$ for	outputs for corresponding data	return "definitely partition-
		all $d$ . Create $l_2$ containing ele-	items differ, return $\langle l_1, l_2 \rangle$ , else	interfering", else return
		ments from $l_1$ interspersed with	return <b>null</b> .	"potentially partition-isolated".
		data items with different keys.		

#### FUNCTION IMPLEMENTATIONS FOR PROPERTIES

### **Test-Based Dynamic Analysis**

Property	initialize	generateTest	checkProperty	evidenceValue
Non-		Return two lists $l_1$ and $l_2$ of	Run $l_{1,2}$ with $d, p$ values as	If <i>evidence</i> $\neq$ <b>null</b> , return "def-
determinism		triples $\langle delay, d, p \rangle$ with the	inputs, timed by the <i>delay</i> val-	initely non-deterministic", else
		same values for $d$ and $p$ , but	ues. If the outputs differ, return	return "potentially determinis-
		different <i>delay</i> values.	$\langle l_1, l_2 \rangle$ , else return <b>null</b> .	tic".
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			Return <b>null</b> .	return "potentially one-to-one".
Blocking		Return list <i>l</i> of pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$ ,	Run <i>l</i> . If any firing stalls	If evidence $\neq$ <b>null</b> , return "po-
		where all $p$ values are the port-	for <i>blockingTimeLimit</i> , return <i>l</i> ,	tentially blocking", else return
		under-test.	else return <b>null</b> .	"potentially non-blocking".
Statefulness		Return list $l$ of pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$ ,	Run <i>l</i> . If any two firings pro-	If <i>evidence</i> $\neq$ <b>null</b> , return
		where all $d$ values are the same	duce different outputs, return $l$ ,	"definitely stateful", else return
		for simplicity.	else return <b>null</b> .	"potentially stateless".
Non-	Generate and run tests l of in-	Generate list $l$ of $w$ pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$ ;	Run each permutation. If any	If <i>evidence</i> $\neq$ <b>null</b> , return "def-
commutativity	creasing length until a window	return permutations of <i>l</i> .	two permutations produce dif-	initely non-commutative", else
	punctuation is generated. Let $w$		ferent outputs, return them, else	return "potentially commuta-
	be the length of such a list.		return <b>null</b> .	tive".
Partition-		Generate list $l_1$ of pairs $\langle d, p \rangle$	Run $l_1$ and $l_2$ . If any of the	If evidence $\neq$ <b>null</b> ,
interference		with the same $read(d, k)$ for	outputs for corresponding data	return "definitely partition-
		all $d$ . Create $l_2$ containing ele-	items differ, return $\langle l_1, l_2 \rangle$ , else	interfering", else return
		ments from $l_1$ interspersed with	return <b>null</b> .	"potentially partition-isolated".
		data items with different keys.		

#### FUNCTION IMPLEMENTATIONS FOR PROPERTIES

# **Test Generation Techniques**

- Base techniques
  - Random: just choose inputs randomly
  - Pool: pick constants used in code
  - Pair: systematically cover "pool" combinations
- Two reuse approaches
  - Use tests from one property for another or not
- Two mutation approaches
  - Try small variations, e.g.,  $\pm 1$ , or not
- Hybrid technique

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- Base techniques
  - Random: just choc inputs randomly
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- Two reuse approaches 2

   Use tests from one property for another or not
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- Try small variations, e.g.,  $\pm 1$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$  nc = 12

• Hybrid technique

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• Hybrid technique



#### **Empirical Study**

- Research questions
  - RQ1: How do the test generation techniques fare, in terms of precision and recall, in testing the six properties considered
  - RQ2: How do the test generation techniques fare, in terms of efficiency, in testing the six properties considered

#### **Object of Analysis**

- IBM's InfoSphere Streams
- 56 operators
- 4 in Java and 6 in C++
- 145.7 lines of code on average

#### Independent and Dependent Variables

- Independent variables
  - 13 test generation techniques
- Dependent variables
  - Recall
    - For properties where there is evidence how often do we conclude correctly?
       Effectiveness
  - Precision
    - For properties where there is no evidence how often do we conclude correctly?
  - Time to find evidence



• Average time to find evidence, or timeout

#### **Applying Test Order**



All techniques achieved 100% precision in all cases

					Re	CALL							
			Witho	ut Reuse	<b>)</b>				With	Reuse			
Property	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	
Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7
Selectivity	75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	Biocking         83.3					81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
Non-commutativity	35.0	71.3	73.8	35.0	72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0
Partition-interference	80.0	93.3	88.8	79.6	90.8	91.7	83.8	90.4	88.8	83.8	88.8	89.6	94.6

- Tested 56 operator instances for determinism, subsets for other properties
- Timeout = 3 minutes

						Re	CALL							
				Witho	ut Reuse	,				With	Reuse			
Property		Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	ŀ	kand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	
Non-determinism		48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7
Selectivity		75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blocking		83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness		68.2	72.7	72.7	72.7	81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
Non-commutativity		35.0	71.3	73.8	35.0	72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0
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- Tested 56 operator instances for determinism, subsets for other properties
- Timeout = 3 minutes
- Applied each technique 10 times to each operator

					Re	CALL							
			Witho	ut Reuse	<b>)</b>				With	Reuse			
Property	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	With	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	
Non-determinism	48.7	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7
Selectivity	75.3	8.7         53.3         52.0           5.3         93.4         91.6			100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blocking	83.3	5.3     93.4     91.6       3.3     83.3     83.3			83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	68.2	72.7	72.7	72.7	81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
Non-commutativity	35.0	08.2     72.7     72.7       35.0     71.3     73.8			72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0
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Property	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	
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Selectivity	75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	Biocking         83.3         83.3         8.3           Statefulness         68.2         72.7         72.7					81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
Non-commutativity	Statefulness68.272.77Non-commutativity35.071.37					77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0
Partition-interference	80.0	93.3	88.8	79.6	90.8	91.7	83.8	90.4	88.8	83.8	88.8	89.6	94.6

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Property	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	
Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-		74.7
Selectivity	75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	68.2	72.7	72.7	72.7	81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
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	•		-				-						

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			Withou	it Reuse	<b>)</b>				With	Reuse			
Property	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	
Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7
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Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	68.2	72.7	72.7	72.7	81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
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					RE	CALL							
			Witho	ut Reuse	<b>,</b>				With	Reuse			
Property	erty Without Mutation Rand Pool Pair			Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	
Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7
Selectivity	75.3	48.753.352.075.393.491.6			100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	Blocking         83.3         83.3         83           Statefulness         68.2         72.7         72				81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
Non-commutativity	Statefulness         68.2         72.7         72           Non-commutativity         35.0         71.3         73			35.0	72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0
Partition-interference	80.0	93.3	88.8	79.6	90.8	91.7	83.8	90.4	88.8	83.8	88.8	89.6	94.6

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					Re	CALL							
			Witho	ut Reuse	<b>)</b>				With	Reuse			
Property	Witho	ut Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	
Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7
Selectivity	75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blocking	83.3	<b>3.3 83.3 83.3</b> 8			83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	Statefulness         68.2         72.7         72.7				81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
Non-commutativity	35.0	71.3	73.8	35.0	72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0
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					Re	CALL							
			Witho	ut Reuse	<b>,</b>				With	Reuse			
Property	Property Witho			Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	-
Non-determinism	48.7	nd Pool Pair R .7 53.3 52.0 2 .3 93.4 91.6 9			40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7
Selectivity	75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	Blocking         83.3         83.3         8           Statefulness         68.2         72.7         7					81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
Non-commutativity	ommutativity         35.0         71.3         73.8				72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0
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			Witho	ut Reuse	<b>,</b>				With	Reuse			
Property	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Witho	out Mut	ation	Wi	th Mutat	ion	Hybrid
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	-
Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7
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Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
Statefulness	Blocking         83.3         83.3         8           Statefulness         68.2         72.7         7				81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4
Non-commutativity	Staterulness         68.2         72.7         72.           commutativity         35.0         71.3         73.				72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0
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- Applied each technique 10 times to each operator
- Most effective: hybrid

	RECALL													
		Without Reuse						With Reuse						
Property	Without Mutation			Wi	With Mutation			out Mut	ation	Wi	Hybrid			
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair		
Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	_	_	_	_	-	_	74.7	
Selectivity	75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	
Statefulness	68.2	72.7	72.7	72.7	81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4	
Non-commutativity	35.0	71.3	73.8	35.0	72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0	
Partition-interference	80.0	93.3	88.8	79.6	90.8	91.7	83.8	90.4	88.8	83.8	88.8	89.6	94.6	

- Tested 56 operator instances for determinism, subsets for other properties
- Timeout = 3 minutes
- Applied each technique 10 times to each operator
- Most effective: hybrid

					Re	CALL								
		Without Reuse						With Reuse						
Property	Without Mutation			Wi	th Mutat	ion	Without Mutation			Wi	Hybrid			
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair		
Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	_	-	-	_	74.7	
Selectivity	75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	
Statefulness	68.2	72.7	72.7	72.7	81.8	81.8	11.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4	
Non-commutativity	35.0	71.3	73.8	35.0	72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0	
Partition-interference	80.0	93.3	88.8	79.6	90.8	91.7	83.8	90.4	88.8	83.8	88.8	89.6	94.6	

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						Re	CALL								
			Without Reuse						With Reuse						
	Property	Without Mutation			Wi	th Mutat	ion	Without Mutation			Wi	Hybrid			
		Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair		
Ì	Non-determinism	48.7	53.3	52.0	24.0	40.7	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.7	
ĺ	Selectivity	75.3	93.4	91.6	91.9	100.0	100.0	84.7	93.8	93.1	93.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	
	Blocking	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3	
	Statefulness	68.2	72.7	72.7	72.7	81.8	81.8	77.3	81.8	81.8	81.8	86.4	86.4	86.4	
	Non-commutativity	35.0	71.3	73.8	35.0	72.5	77.5	32.5	71.3	75.0	38.8	70.0	72.5	90.0	
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- Timeout = 3 minutes
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#### **Results: Efficiency**

EFFICIENCY													
			Withou	t Reuse									
Property	Without Mutation			With Mutation			With	out Mut	ation	Wi	Hybrid		
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Non-determinism	114.9	109.8	118.7	146.0	127.8	136.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	78.8
Selectivity	149.2	134.9	134.8	136.5	126.2	126.8	129.8	126.3	126.7	130.0	125.1	125.4	124.3
Blocking	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.1	32.1	32.1	32.0	31.9	31.9	32.0	32.0	32.0	31.9
Statefulness	62.2	53.4	47.5	55.5	41.6	36.2	45.2	37.4	32.3	48.8	40.4	37.7	25.8
Non-commutativity	126.0	63.6	55.3	125.8	56.6	48.4	127.7	61.5	56.1	120.8	59.2	58.3	23.5
Partition-interference	58.6	39.8	43.4	53.0	38.0	38.0	55.3	47.8	51.4	56.7	53.0	56.5	18.3

- Tested only operators for which  $\exists$  evidence
- Timeout = 3 minutes
- Efficiency = average time to find evidence in seconds

#### **Results: Efficiency**

EFFICIENCY													
			Withou	t Reuse									
Property	Without Mutation			With Mutation			With	out Mut	ation	Wi	Hybrid		
	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Non-determinism	114.9	109.8	118.7	146.0	127.8	136.3	-	-	-	-	_	-	78.8
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- Tested only operators for which  $\exists$  evidence
- Timeout = 3 minutes
- Efficiency = average time to find evidence in seconds, or reach time out
- Most efficient: hybrid

#### **Results: Efficiency**

						EFFI	CIENCY								
		Without Reuse							With Reuse						
	Property	Without Mutation			With Mutation			Without Mutation			Wi	Hybrid			
		Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair	Rand	Pool	Pair		
ĺ	Non-determinism	114.9	109.8	118.7	146.0	127.8	136.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	78.8	
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- Tested only operators for which  $\exists$  evidence
- Timeout = 3 minutes
- Efficiency = average time to find evidence in seconds, or reach time out
- Most efficient: hybrid

# Summary

- Overall, the dynamic approach is effective and efficient
- Test generation approaches
  - Pool and pair were better than random
- Mutation strategy
  - Not always better
- Reuse strategy
  - Not always better

#### Conclusions

- Defined 6 properties
- Developed a testing approach for testing dataflow program operators on properties and an efficient testing order
- Did an empirical study: results on 56 operators showing effective + efficient
- Ideas have been applied on map and reduce functions for MapReduce applications (IISWC 2013)